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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No. 004198.P010X
 First Inventor or Application Identifier Ron Nevo
 Title Multiple Wireless Communication Protocol Methods and Apparatuses
 Express Mail Label No. EL054435980US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents

ADDRESS TO:

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1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☒ Specification [Total Pages 37]
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
 - Descriptive title of the Invention
 - Cross References to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 12]
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration [Total Pages 1]
 - a. ☒ Newly executed (original copy)
 - b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 16 completed)
 - i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR §§ 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

5. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
6. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)
 - a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
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 - c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

7. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
8. ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b) Statement ☒ Power of Attorney
(when there is an assignee)
9. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
10. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO - 1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
11. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
12. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
13. ☒ *Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired
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(if foreign priority is claimed)
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16. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:
☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☒ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. 09/439,946, 09/408,125 & 09/436,458

Prior application Information: Examiner ****

Group/Art Unit: 2749

For CONTINUATION or DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

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 09/560672

04/27/00

Applicant or Patentee: Ron Nevo et al. Attorney's Docket No.: 004198.P010X
 Serial or Patent No.: Not yet assigned
 Filed or Issued: _____
 For: MULTIPLE WIRELESS COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL METHODS AND APPARATUSES
INCLUDING PROACTIVE REDUCTION OF INTERFERENCE

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
37 CFR 1.9 (f) and 1.27(c) - - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that I am:

☒ the owner of the small business concern identified below:
☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF CONCERN: Mobilian, Inc.

ADDRESS OF CONCERN: 7431 NW Evergreen Parkway, Suite 220
Hillsboro, Oregon 97124

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18, and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under Section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, in that the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement, (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the **MULTIPLE WIRELESS COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL METHODS AND APPARATUSES INCLUDING PROACTIVE REDUCTION OF INTERFERENCE**

by inventor(s) Ron Nevo, Ephraim Zehavi, Xudong Zhao and Ran Ginosar
 described in

☒ the specification being filed herewith
☐ application serial no. _____, filed _____
☐ patent no. _____, issued _____
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APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

FOR

**Multiple Wireless Communication Protocol
Methods And Apparatuses
*Including Proactive Reduction Of Interference***

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Multiple Wireless Communication Protocol Methods and Apparatuses
Including Proactive Reduction of Interference

Related Application

5 This application *is a continuation-in-part application of U.S. patent application number 09/439,946, filed on November 12, 2000, entitled Multiple Wireless Communication Protocol Methods and Apparatuses, which itself is a continuation-in-part application of (a) U.S. patent application number 09/408,725, filed on September 29, 1999, entitled "A Wireless Apparatus Having Multiple Coordinated*
10 *Transceivers For Multiple Wireless Communication Protocols", and (b) U.S. patent application number 09/436,458, filed November 8, 1999, entitled "A Wireless Apparatus Having A Transceiver Equipped To Support Multiple Wireless Communication Protocols".*

15 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

1. Field of the Invention

 The present invention relates to the field of wireless communication. More specifically, the present invention relates to the problem of concurrent wireless
20 communication with multiple communication partners of different wireless communication protocols.

2. Background Information

 Advances in microprocessor and communication technology have led to the
25 increase in popularity of wireless communication. Once confined to the privileged, wireless voice communication have become affordable and available to the masses.

Today, various efforts are under way to apply wireless communication to replace attachment cables used for attaching peripheral devices, such as printers, scanners and the like, as well as networking cables used for connecting clients, servers and the like. A leading candidate to accomplish the former is commonly known to those skilled in the art as the Bluetooth technology or Bluetooth protocol. *Examples of technology to accomplish the later include the different variants of the IEEE 802.11 Standard published by the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, 802.11 (Frequency Hopping, Direct Sequence), 802.11a, 802.1b, as well as Home RF, also known as Shared Wireless Access Protocol (SWAP) to those skilled in the art.*

A need has emerged in a number of applications that it is desirable for a device to be able to operate "concurrently" in multiple wireless protocols. One such applications is having a notebook computer being able to communicate with peripheral devices such as a phone, a printer, a scanner and the like, in accordance with the Bluetooth protocol; and with other computing devices, such as other peer computers or servers, communication devices, such as modems or adapters, and networking devices, such as gateways, routers, switches and the like, in accordance with one of the 802.11 protocols or Home RF.

However, the need cannot be met by simply providing the device with multiple transmitters, one for each protocol. The reason is because if multiple ones of these transmitters were to transmit at the same time. The transmitters are going to interfere with each other, resulting in corruption and/or loss of data, as well as degradation in performance.

As will be described in more detail below, the present invention substantially address this need in a very efficient and low cost manner. This and other advantages of the present invention will be readily apparent from the description to follow.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A collection of wirelessly networked devices including first devices wirelessly networked together using a first wireless protocol that is a frequency hopping protocol, and second devices wirelessly networked together using a second wireless protocol, are operated in a coordinated manner, including proactive reduction of interference between the networked devices. In one embodiment, the first devices include at least a first and a second subset operating with a first and a second frequency hopping pattern respectively. The proactive reduction effort includes synchronized operations of the first and second subsets of the first devices, and the second devices operate in a manner complementary to the synchronized operations of the first devices. In one embodiment, the collection of wirelessly networked devices includes at least one wireless device that operates in both wireless networks in accordance with both wireless protocols. The multi-protocol device is equipped to at least facilitate prospective anticipation of whether transmission of a long packet that spans multiple ones of successive frequencies by a device of the first wireless network will cause interference with devices of the second wireless network.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

The present invention will be described by way of exemplary embodiments, but not limitations, illustrated in the accompanying drawings in which like references
5 denote similar elements, and in which:

Figure 1 illustrates an overview of the wireless device of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment;

Figure 2 illustrates a period of operation of the wireless devices of **Fig. 1**, in accordance with one embodiment;

10 **Figure 3** illustrates the wireless device of **Fig. 1** in further detail, in accordance with one implementation;

Figure 4 illustrates the operational states and flow of the state machine of **Fig. 3** in further detail, in accordance with one implementation;

15 **Figure 5** illustrates the wireless device of **Fig. 1** in further detail, in accordance with another implementation;

Figure 6 illustrates the operational states and flow of the state machine of **Fig. 5** in further detail, in accordance with one implementation;

Figure 7 illustrates the wireless device of **Fig. 1** in further detail, in accordance with yet another implementation;

20 **Figures 8a-8b** illustrate a period of operation of the wireless devices of **Fig. 1**, in accordance with each of two alternate embodiments;

Figures 9a-9b illustrate the architecture and operational flow of the wireless device **100** of **Fig. 1** for practicing a selected one of the methods of operation of **Fig. 8a-8b**, in accordance with one embodiment;

25 **Figure 10** illustrates a period of operation of the wireless devices of **Fig. 1**, in accordance with another embodiment;

Figures 11a-11b illustrate the architecture and operational flow of the wireless device **100** of **Fig. 1** for practicing the method of operation of **Fig. 11**, in accordance with one embodiment;

Figure 12 illustrates the concept of notch filtering,

5 **Figure 13** illustrates an overview of the wireless device of the present invention, in accordance with another embodiment;

***Figure 14** illustrates another overview of the multi-protocol wireless device of the present invention, along with other wireless devices, in accordance with yet another embodiment; and*

10 ***Figure 15** illustrates the concept of synchronized operation of two subsets of devices employing a frequency hopping protocol in accordance with two corresponding frequency hopping patterns.*

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In the following description, various aspects of the present invention will be described. However, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced with only some or all aspects of the present invention. For purposes of explanation, specific numbers, materials and configurations are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will also be apparent to one skilled in the art that the present invention may be practiced without the specific details. In other instances, well known features are omitted or simplified in order not to obscure the present invention.

Parts of the description will be presented using software terminology commonly employed by those skilled in the art to convey the substance of their work to others skilled in the art. As well understood by those skilled in the art, these software quantities take the form of electrical, magnetic, or optical signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, and otherwise manipulated through mechanical and electrical components of a digital system; and the term digital system includes general purpose as well as special purpose processors, systems, and the like, that are standalone, adjunct or embedded.

Various operations will be described as multiple discrete steps performed in turn in a manner that is most helpful in understanding the present invention, however, the order of description should not be construed as to imply that these operations are necessarily order dependent, in particular, the order the steps are presented. Furthermore, the phrase "in one embodiment" will be used repeatedly, however the phrase does not necessarily refer to the same embodiment, although it may.

Referring now to **Figure 1**, wherein an overview of the present invention, in accordance with one embodiment, is shown. As illustrated, wireless device **100** is provided with wireless transceivers **102a** and **102b** to transmit and receive signals wirelessly in accordance with a first and a second wireless communication protocol, to enable device **100** to be communicatively coupled to devices **104a** and devices **104b** of wireless networks **108a** and **108b** respectively. Wireless device **100** further includes controller managers **106a** and **106b** to control the operation of wireless transceivers **102a** and **102b** respectively. As will be described in more detail below, controller managers **106a** and **106b** control transmits and receives by wireless transceivers **102a** and **102b**, in a coordinated manner, in accordance with the present invention, to allow wireless device **100** to operate with devices **104a** and devices **104b** of wireless network **108a** and **108b** in accordance with the respective wireless communication protocols at the same time.

In one embodiment, controller managers **106a** and **106b** control transmits and receives by wireless transceivers **102a** and **102b** (hereinafter, simply transceivers), in a coordinated manner. More specifically, in this embodiment, controller managers **106a** and **106b** control transceivers **102a** and **102b** to alternate between transmits by one of the two transceivers and receives by both of the two transceivers. **Figure 2** illustrates a period of operation in accordance with this embodiment. As shown, in time period T1, for duration t1, control manager **106a** controls transceiver **102a** to perform transmit of signals to devices **104a** of wireless network **108a** (hereinafter, simply network) in accordance with the first wireless communication protocol (hereinafter, simply protocol), while control manager **106b** controls transceiver **102b** to neither perform transmit nor receive of signals to and from devices **104b** of network **108b**. In time period T3, for duration t3, the reverse is performed. Control manager **106b** controls transceiver **102b** to perform transmit of

signals to devices **104b** of network **108b** in accordance with the second protocol, while control manager **106a** controls transceiver **102a** to neither perform transmit nor receive of signals to and from devices **104a** of network **108a**. In time periods T2 and T4, for duration t2 and t4 respectively, control managers **106a** and **106b** control both transceivers **102a** and **102b** to perform receive of signals from devices **104a** and **104b** of network **108a** and **108b** in accordance with the respective protocols respectively.

Since all wireless protocols operate on either a carrier sense or contention free protocol, devices **104a** are able to receive in time period T1, and transmit when there are packets to transmit, but otherwise receive, in time periods T2-T4. Likewise, devices **104b** are able to receive in time period T3, and transmit when there are packets to transmit, but otherwise receive, in time periods T1-T2 and T4.

Accordingly, wireless device **100** is able to operate with devices **104a** and **104b** of networks **108a** and **108b** in two wireless protocols at the same time.

Note that time periods T1-T4 may or may not be equal in duration. That is, numerically t1-t4 may or may not be equal. As will be described in more detail below, in different variants of this embodiment, duration t1-t4 of time periods T1-T4 are dynamically and adaptively set. In particular, in some variants, duration t1-t4 of time periods T1-T4 are adaptively set based at least in part of transmit and receive workloads of networks **108a** and **108b**.

Referring back to **Fig. 1**, except for the teachings of the present invention incorporated in wireless device **100** to effectuate the above described coordinated manner of operation of transceivers **102a** and **102b**, transceivers **102a** and **102b** as well as controller managers **106a** and **106b** are otherwise intended to represent a broad range of these elements known in the art. Accordingly, except for the teachings of the present invention, which will be further described below,

transceivers **102a** and **102b** and controller managers **106a** and **106b** will not be otherwise further described.

Wireless device **100** is intended to represent a wide range of devices that can benefit from having the ability to wirelessly operate with other wireless devices in two or more wireless communication protocols at the same time. Examples of device **100** include but not limited to computers of various form factors, such as desktop, notebook, palm size and so forth, controller devices (i.e. master devices) to manage and control the operation of networks **108a** and **108b**, and gateway devices to facilitate communication between devices **104a** and devices **104b**.

Likewise, devices **104a** and **104b** are intended to represent a broad range of devices that can benefit from being able to communicate wirelessly. Examples of devices **104a** include but not limited to phones, video cameras, speakers, modems, printers and scanners equipped to wireless communicate in accordance with the Bluetooth protocol. Examples of devices **104b** include clients and servers, as well as gateways, modems, hubs, routers, and switches equipped to wireless communicate in accordance with a selected variant of the IEEE 802.11 protocols or Home RF.

For ease of understanding, only two groups of devices **104a** and **104b**, communicating in accordance with the first and second wireless communication protocols are shown in **Fig. 1**. However, from the description to follow, it will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, the present invention may be practiced with more than two transceivers (as long as the transceivers are likewise coordinated).

Referring now to **Figures 3** and **4**, wherein a block diagram and a state diagram illustrating wireless device **100** of **Fig. 1** in further detail, in accordance with

one embodiment, are shown. As illustrated, each controller manager **106a/106b** of wireless device **100** is endowed with a state machine **300a/300b** to complementarily assist the controller manager **106a/106b** to control its transceiver **102a/102b** in the above described coordinated manner. More specifically, each state machine

5 **300a/300b**, in addition to idle state **410**, has four operating states **412-418** (TX, RX1, NOP, and RX2) to output a signal **304a/304b** denoting a selected one of a transmit (TX) operation, a receive (RX) operation and no-op (NOP) for its controller manager **106a/106b**.

Upon power-on or reset, each state machine **300a/300b** either transitions

10 from idle state **410** to TX state **412** or NOP state **416**, depending on the state of configuration (config) signal **302a/302b**. One state machine, e.g. **300a**, is configured to transition from idle state **410** to TX state **412**, while the other state machine, e.g. **300b**, is configured to transition from idle state **410** to TX state **412**. Config signal **302a/302b** may be set e.g. via a jumper or other equivalent means, as

15 well as through software.

While in TX state **412**, state machine **300a/300b** remains in the state for duration **ts1**, outputting signal **304a/304b** denoting TX operation for its controller manager **1026a/106b**. In one embodiment, where **t1** and **t3** may take on different values, one state machine, e.g. **300a**, is configured with **ts1** set to **t1**, while the other

20 state machine, e.g. **300b**, is configured with **ts1** set to **t3**. **Ts1** may be selectively set in any one of a number of techniques known in the art, e.g. through separate registers or multiplexing circuitry. Upon expiration of **ts1**, state machine **300a/300b** transitions from TX state **412** to RX1 state **414**.

While in RX1 state **414**, state machine **300a/300b** remains in the state for

25 duration **ts2**, outputting signal **304a/304b** denoting RX operation for its controller manager **106a/106b**. In one embodiment, where **t2** and **t4** may take on different

values, one state machine, e.g. **300a**, is configured with ts2 set to t2, while the other state machine, e.g. **300b**, is configured with ts2 set to t4. Ts2 may likewise be selectively set in any one of a number of techniques known in the art. Upon expiration of ts2, state machine **300a/300b** transitions from RX1 state **414** to NOP state **416**.

While in NOP state **416**, state machine **300a/300b** remains in the state for duration ts3, outputting signal **304a/304b** denoting NOP for its controller manager **106a/106b**. In one embodiment, where t1 and t3 may take on different values, one state machine, e.g. **300a**, is configured with ts3 set to t3, while the other state machine, e.g. **300b**, is configured with ts3 set to t1. Ts3 may likewise be selectively set in any one of a number of techniques known in the art. Upon expiration of ts3, state machine **300a/300b** transitions from NOP state **416** to RX2 state **418**.

While in RX2 state **418**, state machine **300a/300b** remains in the state for duration ts4, outputting signal **304a/304b** denoting RX operation for its controller manager **106a/106b**. In one embodiment, where t2 and t4 may take on different values, one state machine, e.g. **300a**, is configured with ts4 set to t4, while the other state machine, e.g. **300b**, is configured with ts4 set to t2. Ts4 may likewise be selectively set in any one of a number of techniques known in the art. Upon expiration of ts4, state machine **300a/300b** transitions from RX2 state **418** to TX state **412**.

From TX state **412**, state machine **300a/300b** continues operation as described earlier.

Referring now to **Figures 5 and 6**, wherein a block diagram and a state diagram illustrating wireless device **100** of **Fig. 1** in further detail, in accordance with another embodiment, are shown. As illustrated, for this embodiment, instead of

having each controller manager **106a/106b** of wireless device **100** be endowed with a state machine to complementarily assist the controller manager **106a/106b** to control its transceiver **102a/102b** in the above described coordinated manner, wireless device **100** is endowed with a single state machine **500** to assist both
 5 controller managers **106a** and **106b**. Similarly, state machine **500**, in addition to idle state **610**, has four operating states **612-618** (S1 – S4) to output a pair of signals **504a-504b** denoting a selected combination of operations, TX with NOP, both RX, and NOP with TX for controller managers **106a** and **106b**.

Upon power-on or reset, state machine **500** transitions from idle state **610** to
 10 S1 state **612**. While in S1 state **612**, state machine **500** remains in the state for duration ts1, outputting signal **504a-504b** denoting TX and NOP for controller managers **106a** and **106b**. Ts1 is set to t1. Upon expiration of ts1, state machine **500** transitions from S1 state **612** to S2 state **614**. While in S2 state **614**, state machine **500** remains in the state for duration ts2, outputting signal **504a-504b**
 15 denoting RX for both controller managers **106a** and **106b**. Ts2 is set to t2. Upon expiration of ts2, state machine **500** transitions from S2 state **614** to S3 state **616**.

While in S3 state **616**, state machine **500** remains in the state for duration ts3, outputting signal **504a-504b** denoting NOP and TX for controller managers **106a** and **106b**. Ts3 is set to t3. Upon expiration of ts3, state machine **500**
 20 transitions from S3 state **616** to S4 state **618**. While in S4 state **618**, state machine **500** remains in the state for duration ts4, outputting signal **504a-504b** denoting RX for both controller managers **106a** and **106b**. Ts4 is set to t4. Upon expiration of ts4, state machine **500** transitions from S4 state **618** to S1 state **612**.

From S1 state **612**, state machine **500** continues operation as described
 25 earlier.

Referring now to **Figure 7**, wherein a block diagram illustrating wireless device **100** of **Fig. 1** in further detail, in accordance with yet another embodiment, is shown. As illustrated, for this embodiment, in addition to having wireless device **100** be endowed with a single state machine **700** to assist both controller managers **106a** and **106b** as described earlier (with signals **708a-708a** denoting TX-NOP, RX-RX or NOP-TX), wireless device **100** is further endowed with register **702**, time sharing manager **704**, and workload monitor **706** operatively coupled to each other and state machine **700** as shown. Register **702** stores t1-t4 for state machine **700**. Time sharing manager **704** dynamically adjusts t1-t4 to enable state machine **700** be able to adaptively assist controller managers **106a** and **106b** in controlling transceivers **102a** and **102b**. For the illustrated embodiment, time sharing manager **704** dynamically adjusts t1-t4 based at least in part on transmit and receive workloads of networks **108a** and **108b**. Transmit and receive workloads are monitored by workload monitor **706** and provided to time sharing manager **704**.

Register **702** may be constituted with any storage circuitry known in the art. Time sharing manager **704** and workload monitor **706** may be implemented with any combinatorial logic or in software.

Referring now to **Figures 8a-8b**, wherein a period of operation for the wireless devices of **Fig. 1** in accordance with each of two alternate embodiments are shown. In each of these two alternate embodiments, first protocol of wireless devices **104a** of network **108a** is assumed to be a frequency hopping protocol as shown, i.e. wireless devices **104a** hop from frequency to frequency in accordance with a pseudo random pattern to transmit signals. For ease of understanding, second protocol of wireless devices **104b** of network **108b** is assumed to be a constant frequency protocol (although in alternate embodiments, it may also be a

frequency hopping protocol). In any event, to illustrate the present invention, at least one of the frequencies of the first protocol is the same frequency of the second protocol. Thus, if some of devices **104a** and **104b** are located sufficiently close to each other, and when one of devices **104a** selects the same frequency for transmission, interference (or collision) between these devices will occur, resulting in one or more transmission failures. For the illustrated example, frequency interference (or collision) is shown to occur at the 7th and 14th hop (f_7 and f_{14}). That is, in accordance with the pseudo random pattern, in each of these two hops, devices **104a** transmit in the same frequency employed by devices **104b**. An example of a frequency hopping protocol is the Bluetooth protocol, and an example of a protocol having an interfering frequency with Bluetooth is the 802.11 protocol. [Note that the example interference at the 7th and 14th hop is not intended to suggest that the interference occurs at every 7th hop. The interference pattern is dictated by the intersection of the pseudo random pattern followed by the frequency hopping devices **104a** and the frequency employed by devices **104b**.]

To further improve the operating efficiencies of both network, instead of just letting the interfering devices **104a** and **104b** resolve each of the frequency interference, after it occurred, through conventional collision detection, back off and retry approaches, wireless device **100** coordinates the operation of devices **104a** and **104b** to proactively reduce actual occurrence of interference. More specifically, for the illustrated embodiments, either devices **104a** or devices **104b** are selected to be the “dominant” devices. The non-selected devices are considered to be the dominated devices. The dominated devices are notified, from time to time, to suspend operation to pro-actively avoid interference with the dominant devices, allowing the dominant devices to continue to operate without interference. As result, the time consuming collision detection, back off and retries are substantially

reduced, and experience has shown that the overall operating efficiencies of both networks improve, the dominated network as well as the dominant network.

Fig. 8a illustrates a period of operation when devices **104a**, the frequency hopping devices, are selected to be the dominant devices, while **Fig. 8b** illustrates a period of operation when devices **104b** are selected to be the dominant devices. That is, under **Fig. 8a**, devices **104b**, upon informed, will temporarily suspend operation to proactively avoid interference, whereas under **Fig. 8b**, devices **104a**, upon informed, will temporarily suspend operation to proactively avoid interference.

Under either one of these embodiments, wireless device **100** basically operates as earlier described. Except wireless device **100** assumes the additional responsibilities of determining the pseudo random frequency hopping pattern of devices **104a** (in one embodiment, including the interfering frequency), selecting either devices **104a** or **104b** to be the dominated devices, predicting the occurrence of interference, and preemptively notifying the dominated devices to suspend operation to avoid interference (in one embodiment, conditionally suspending operation).

Referring now to **Figs. 9a-9b**, wherein the architecture and operational flow of wireless device **100** having these added responsibilities are shown. As illustrated in **Fig. 9a**, wireless device **100** is basically the embodiment earlier described referencing **Fig. 7**, except wireless device **100** is further provided with network management application (or network manager) **904** to proactively managing network devices **104a** and **104b** to reduce actual occurrence of interference. Network manager **904** also subsumes the earlier described responsibilities of time sharing manager **704**, i.e. monitoring the workloads of the two protocols, and adaptively setting the values of t1-t4 for time period T1-T4.

Operationally, as illustrated in **Fig. 9b**, upon initialization, network manager **904** monitors the operation of devices **104a** and **104b** for an observation period, and determines the pseudo random frequency hopping pattern followed by devices **104a** (and in one embodiment, the interfering frequency with devices **104b**), **912**. This
5 may be accomplished using any one of a number of techniques known in the art. Next, network manager **904** selects either devices **104a** or devices **104b** to be the dominant devices, **914**. In one embodiment, network manager **904** makes the selection in accordance with configuration information programmed in configuration register **902**. In alternate embodiments, other configuration registers, or other
10 techniques known in the art, such as jumpers, may also be employed to assist network manager **904** in making the selection.

Then, on an on going basis, network manager **904**, predicts when interference will occur, using the determined pseudo random pattern and interference frequency, **916**. Whenever, an interference is to occur, network
15 manager **904** preemptively notifies the dominated devices to suspend operation accordingly, thereby allowing the dominant devices to operate without interference, **918**. [In one embodiment, if the dominated devices are devices **104a**, the notification includes the interfering frequency, and the suspension is conditional, only if the predicted frequency is indeed the interfering frequency.] The process
20 continues, as long as there are wireless devices of both types **104a** and **104b** operating.

In one embodiment, network manager **904** repeats the calibration periodically. In yet another embodiment, network manager **904** monitors actual interference between devices **104a** and **104b**, and tracks the mean time between
25 interference. Network manager **904** repeats the calibration, whenever the tracked mean time between interference drops below certain given performance level.

Note that in embodiments where the number of devices **104a** and **104b** present in networks **108a** and **108b** are relatively small, including in particular, the simplest case where there is only one device **104a** and one device **104b** in networks **108a** and **108** respectively, network manager **904** may make the selection of the dominated devices in a dynamic and individualized manner, when an interference is predicted to occur. That is, different device or devices **104a** and **104b** are dynamically and individually selected for different predictions of interference. Such dynamic, individualized manner of selection may also be made in view of the workloads of the two protocols.

As those skilled in the art would appreciate, the above described improved manner of operation (including the embodiment, where suspension is to be conditionally made by devices **104a**) may be practiced with minimal or no change to devices **104a** and **104a**, as virtually all network devices are capable of temporarily suspending operation responsive to a request. As to the embodiment where suspension is to be conditionally made by devices **104a**, the conditional performance may be effectuated through addition of simple frequency testing combinatorial logic.

*Additionally, in yet other embodiments, upon selecting the dominated devices at **914**, wireless device **100** notifies devices **104a** and **104b** of their respective roles, i.e. whether they are the dominating devices or dominated devices. Further, at least the dominated devices are also provided with a collision map, for the dominated devices to self determine whether interference is to occur. In other words, operation **916** is distributed to the dominated devices, and operation **918** is eliminated.*

In yet other embodiments where the wireless protocol is a frequency hopping protocol successively employing a number of frequencies in a pseudo random manner, independent of whether the interference determination is performed by

wireless device **100** or the dominated devices, the determination of interference further includes prospectively anticipating whether the transmission of a long packet by a dominated device operating in accordance with such frequency hopping protocol will cause interference with the dominating devices. A long packet is a packet whose transmission spans multiple ones of the frequency hops. The dominated devices either self-determine or instructed by wireless device **100** (depending on implementations) to refrain from starting such transmission of a long packet unless interference will not occur.

Referring now to **Figure 10**, wherein a period of operation for the wireless devices of **Fig. 1** in accordance with another embodiment is shown. Again, first protocol of wireless devices **104a** of network **108a** is assumed to be a frequency hopping protocol, and second protocol of wireless devices **104b** of network **108b** is assumed to be a constant frequency protocol (although it may also be a frequency hopping protocol). Nevertheless, for illustrative purpose, it is suffice that at least one of the frequencies of the first protocol of wireless devices **104a** conflicts with the frequency of the second protocol of wireless devices **104b** as shown, and earlier described. Thus, in like manner, if some of devices **104a** and **104b** are located sufficiently close to each other, and devices **104a** select to transmit in the same frequency, interference (or collision) will occur, resulting in one or more transmission failures. To further improve the operating efficiencies of both network, instead of just letting the interfering devices **104a** and **104b** resolve each of the frequency interference, after it occurred, through conventional collision detection, back off and retry approaches, wireless device **100** coordinates the operation of devices **104a** and **104b** to proactively reduce actual occurrence of interference. More specifically, under this embodiment, devices **104a** and **104b** are correspondingly notified of the

filtering to be employed to correspondingly cancel the respective interfering signals, and when to apply the filtering. As will be described in more detail below, in one embodiment, the filtering to be employed is a notch filter inversely formed in accordance with the other devices' signal. As a result, the time consuming collision
5 detection, back off and retries are also substantially reduced, and experience has shown that the overall operating efficiencies of both networks also improve.

As illustrated in **Fig. 10**, at each predicted occurrence of interference, both devices **104a** and **104b** apply the corresponding required filtering to correspondingly cancel the respective interfering signals. As before, the basic operations of wireless
10 device **100** remain substantially unchanged, except, wireless device **100** assumes the additional responsibilities of determining the pseudo random frequency hopping pattern of devices **104a**, the interfering frequency, the corresponding filtering to be employed to cancel the respective interfering signals, and preemptively notifying devices **104a** and **104b** of the determined filtering as well as when to apply them.

Referring now to **Figs. 11a-11b**, wherein the architecture and operational
15 flow of wireless device **100** having these added responsibilities are shown. As illustrated in **Fig. 11a**, wireless device **100** is basically the embodiment earlier described referencing **Fig. 9a**. That is, wireless device **100** is also additionally provided with network manager **1104**, except the additional responsibilities assumed
20 by network manager **1104** to proactively reduce interference are slightly different.

As illustrated in **Fig. 11b**, upon initialization, network manager **1104** monitors the operation of devices **104a** and **104b** for an observation period, and determines the pseudo random frequency hopping pattern followed by devices **104a**, and the interfering frequency with devices **104b**, **1112**. This again may be accomplished
25 using any one of a number of techniques known in the art. Next, network manager **1104** determines the corresponding filtering to be employed by devices **104a** and

104b to correspondingly cancel their respective interfering signals of “the other devices”, and provides the determined information to devices **104a** and **104b**, **1114**. In one embodiment, as alluded to earlier, the corresponding filtering to be employed are notched filters inversely constructed in accordance with the other devices’ signals (see **Fig. 12**). That is, devices **104a** are to apply a notch filter, inversely formed in accordance with transmit signals of devices **104b**, whereas, devices **104b** are to apply a notch filter, inversely formed in accordance with transmit signals of devices **104a**. [Notch filters in general are known in the art, and will not be further described.]

Then, on an on going basis, network manager **1104**, predicts when interference will occur, using the determined pseudo random pattern and interference frequency, **1116**. Whenever, an interference is to occur, network manager **1104** preemptively notifies devices **104a** and **104b** to correspondingly apply their corresponding filtering, thereby allowing both devices **104a** and **104b** to operate without interference, **1118**. The process continues, as long as there are wireless devices of both types **104a** and **104b** operating. [Likewise, the application of filtering by devices **104a** may also be conditionally performed, only if the frequency is indeed the same as the interfering frequency.]

As before, in one embodiment, network manager **1104** repeats the calibration periodically. In yet another embodiment, network manager **1104** monitors actual interference between devices **104a** and **104b**, and tracks the mean time between interference. Network manager **1104** repeats the calibration, whenever the tracked mean time between interference drops below certain given performance level.

As those skill in the art will appreciate, the immediately described improved manner of operation may also be practiced with minimal change to devices **104a** and **104a**, by equipping both types of network devices with the ability to

responsively apply notch filtering. [Likewise, devices **104a** may be additionally provided with simple combinatorial logic to effectuate the conditional application of notch filtering.]

Similar to the embodiments described with references to **Figs. 8a-8b and 9a-9b**, in yet other embodiments, in addition to notifying the devices of the required filtering at **1114**, wireless device **100** provides the devices with a collision map, such that the devices can self determine whether interference is to occur, and the appropriate filtering to be applied. In other words, operation **1116** is distributed to the devices, and operation **1118** is eliminated.

Skipping now to **Figure 14**, wherein another overview of wireless device **100** of the present invention, along with devices **104a** and **104b** of wireless networks **108a** and **108b** are shown, in accordance with another embodiment. In this embodiment, the devices additionally operate in a complementary manner to proactively reduce interference among the devices. For illustrative purpose, wireless devices **104a** are assumed to employ a frequency hopping protocol. Moreover, wireless devices **104a** are subdivided into at least two subsets, with the devices of the two subsets employing successive frequencies in accordance with at least two corresponding pseudo random patterns. [In one embodiment, where the frequency hopping protocol is Bluetooth, each subset corresponds to a "piconet". Note that even though for ease of understanding, only one device **104a** is illustrated in each of the subset, the present invention may be practiced with each subset having one or more devices.]]

In accordance with the present invention, to effectuate the desired proactive reduction of interference, the various subsets of devices **104a** are operated in a synchronized manner (see **Fig. 15**). In one embodiment, the synchronization is

effectuated by synchronizing transmit and receive operations of the various subsets to a reference signal. In one embodiment, the reference signal is provided by one of devices **104b**. In other embodiments, the reference signal is provided by yet another device (not shown). Complementarily, devices **104b** are also operated with transmit and receive operations aligned to the reference signal.

For this embodiment, in addition to having been incorporated with one or more of the novel features earlier described, wireless device **100** is further equipped to operate in a manner that is complementary to the synchronized operation of devices **104a** and the aligned operation of devices **104b**, to effectuate the desired reduction of interference among the devices. In particular, one or both controller managers **106a** and **106b** are equipped to enable the two controller managers **106a** and **106b** to operate with aligned control clocks for the two protocols.

More specifically, in one embodiment, controller manager or managers **106a** and/or **106b** are equipped such that when wireless device **100** joins wireless network **108b** after having begun communication with devices **104a** of at least one of the subsets, wireless device **100** would cause the two control clocks for the two protocols to be aligned incrementally. In one embodiment, the incremental alignment is effectuated in a dependent manner, depending on the amount of misalignment with respect to a transmission time slot. In one embodiment, the incremental alignment is effectuated by decrementing the start time of a transmission time slot by a predetermined amount for m successive transmission time slots if the amount of misalignment is less than half of the transmission time slot size, or by incrementing the start time of a transmission time slot by a predetermined amount for n successive transmission time slots if the amount of misalignment is less than half of the transmission time slot size.

*In other words, if the transmission periods for the protocol employed by devices **104b** are $0, B, 2B, \dots, kB$ ($0 \leq k < 2^{64}$), and the transmission time slots of the protocol employed by devices **104a** start at $d, d+S, d+2S, \dots, d+mS$ etc ($0 \leq d < S$), the start time of a transmission time slot of the protocol of network **108a** can be*

5 *adjusted successively by t micro seconds for m or n successively transmission time slots, depending on whether d is less than or equal to $S/2$ or greater than $S/2$. In one embodiment, S is 625 micro seconds, and t is set to 8 micro seconds. For this embodiment, if d is less than or equal to $S/2$, m is set to the largest integer smaller than $d/8$, whereas if d is greater than $S/2$, n is set to the largest integer smaller than*

10 *$S - d/8$.*

In other embodiments, other criteria and/or parameters, even other incremental approaches may be employed instead. In one embodiment, the incremental alignment is repeated; however only after waiting for at least predetermined number of transmission time slots to "dampen oscillations". In one

15 *embodiment, the predetermined number of transmission time slots waited is 10. In other embodiments, different waiting periods may be used instead.*

Referring now to **Figure 13**, wherein an overview of the present invention, in accordance with another embodiment, is shown. Similar to the embodiment of **Fig. 1**,

20 **wireless device 100** is communicatively coupled to devices **104a** and devices **104b** of wireless networks **108a** and **108b** respectively. Wireless device **100** performs transmits and receives of the two protocols, in a coordinated manner, to allow wireless device **100** to operate with devices **104a** and devices **104b** of wireless network **108a** and **108b** in accordance with the respective protocols at the

25 *same time. However, unlike all the earlier described embodiments, wireless device **100** is provided with a single wireless transceiver **1302**, which includes joint signal*

transmit/receive section **1303**, and a number of transmit and receive signals up/down conversion sections **1205** sharing joint signal transmit/receive section **1303**. Wireless device **100** further includes controller/signal processing (C/SP) section **1306** to process data for transmission by wireless transceiver **1302**, to process signals received by wireless transceiver **1302**, and to control the data/signal processing operations as well as the operation of wireless transceiver **1302**. The constitution and operations of wireless device **100** is the subject of the second parent application, number 09/436,458, which is hereby fully incorporated by reference. Additionally, in some embodiments, wireless device **100** is endowed with a network manager equipped with the capabilities earlier described referencing **Figs. 8a-8b** and **9a-9b**, *with or without the prospective interference anticipation for long packets*. In other embodiments, wireless device **100** is endowed with a network manager equipped with the capabilities earlier described referencing **Figs. 10** and **11a-11b**. *In yet other embodiments, wireless device 100 is endowed with the capabilities earlier described referencing Figs. 14 and 15.* In one words, the capabilities and methods of operations described referencing **Figs 8a-8b** and **9a-9b**, **Figs. 10** and **11a-11b**, and **Figs. 14-15**, may be practiced with the multiple protocol wireless apparatus of the first parent application, number 09/408,725, or the multiple protocol wireless apparatus of the second parent application.

Thus, a wireless device equipped to substantially operate currently with multiple wireless communication protocols, and various associated methods of operations, *including proactive reduction of interference*, have been described. While the present invention has been described in terms of the above illustrated embodiments, those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention is not limited to the embodiments described. The present invention can be practiced with

modification and alteration within the spirit and scope of the appended claims. The description is thus to be regarded as illustrative instead of restrictive on the present invention.

004198.P010x

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. *A collection of networked apparatuses comprising:*
2 *a first plurality of apparatuses including first and second subsets wirelessly*
3 *networked together, with each apparatus being equipped to communicate wirelessly*
4 *in accordance with a first frequency hopping protocol, with the first and second*
5 *subsets operating in accordance with a first and a second frequency hopping*
6 *pattern based on a first and a second pseudo random pattern; and*
7 *a second plurality of apparatuses wirelessly networked together, with each*
8 *apparatus being equipped to communicate wirelessly in accordance with a second*
9 *protocol;*
10 *wherein said first and second subsets of said first plurality of apparatuses*
11 *being operationally synchronized, and said second plurality of apparatuses being*
12 *operated in a manner complementary to said synchronized operation of said first*
13 *and second subsets of said first plurality of apparatuses, to proactively reduce*
14 *interference between said first and second apparatuses.*
- 1 2. *The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said first and second subsets of said first*
2 *plurality of apparatuses are operationally synchronized to a reference signal, and*
3 *said second plurality of apparatuses are operationally aligned to the same reference*
4 *signal, to effectuate said proactive reduction of interference between said first and*
5 *second apparatuses.*

1 3. *The apparatuses of claim 1, wherein the collection of networked apparatuses*
2 *further comprise*
3 *a multi-protocol apparatus equipped with a first and a second transceiver to*
4 *communicate wirelessly with said first and second plurality of apparatuses in*
5 *accordance with said first and second protocols respectively, and in a manner that is*
6 *complementary to said synchronized operation of said first and second subsets of*
7 *said first plurality of apparatuses to proactively reduce interference with said first*
8 *and second plurality of apparatuses.*

1 4. *The apparatuses of claim 3, wherein*
2 *said first and second subsets are operationally synchronized to a reference*
3 *signal, and said second plurality of apparatuses are operationally aligned to the*
4 *same reference signal; and*
5 *said multi-protocol apparatus includes control logic to operate in a manner*
6 *that is complementary to said synchronization as well as said alignment with respect*
7 *to said reference signal, to effectuate said proactive reduction of interference among*
8 *said apparatuses.*

1 5. *The apparatuses of claim 4, wherein said control logic includes logic to*
2 *effectuate alignment to said reference signal incrementally.*

1 6. *The apparatuses of claim 4, wherein said control logic includes logic to*
2 *effectuate said alignment to said reference signal incrementally, and in a selected*
3 *one of at least a first and a second manner depending on an amount of*
4 *misalignment with a transmission time slot.*

1 7. The apparatuses of claim 6, wherein said logic decrements a transmission
2 time slot starting time by a predetermined amount for m successive transmission
3 time slots if the amount of misalignment is less than half of a transmission time slot
4 size.

1 8. The apparatuses of claim 6, wherein said logic increments a transmission
2 time slot starting time by a predetermined amount for n successive transmission
3 time slots if the amount of misalignment is greater than half of a transmission time
4 slot size.

1 9. An apparatus comprising:
2 a plurality of wireless transceivers to transmit and receive signals in
3 accordance with a first and a second protocol, to and from first and second network
4 devices of a first and a second wireless network communicatively coupled to the
5 apparatus, the first network devices comprising first and second subsets that
6 transmit and receive in accordance with a first and a second frequency hopping
7 pattern based on a first and a second pseudo random pattern in a synchronized
8 manner, the first protocol being a frequency hopping protocol; and
9 at least one controller manager coupled to the wireless transceivers to control
10 and coordinate operation of said wireless transceivers in a manner that
11 complements said synchronized operation of said first and second subsets of said
12 first network devices to reduce interference among said apparatus and said first and
13 second network devices.

1 10. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the at least one controller manager
2 includes logic to align transmit and receive operations of said wireless transceivers

3 *to a reference signal against which said first and second subsets of said first*
4 *network devices synchronize operations.*

1 11. *The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the at least one controller manager*
2 *includes logic that effectuates said alignment to said reference signal incrementally.*

1 12. *The apparatus of claim 10, wherein said logic effectuates said alignment to*
2 *said reference signal incrementally in a selected one of at least a first and a second*
3 *manner depending on an amount of misalignment with a transmission time slot.*

1 13. *The apparatus of claim 12, wherein said logic decrements a transmission*
2 *time slot starting time by a predetermined amount for m successive transmission*
3 *time slots if the amount of misalignment is less than half of a transmission time slot*
4 *size.*

1 14. *The apparatus of claim 12, wherein said logic increments a transmission time*
2 *slot starting time by a predetermined amount for n successive transmission time*
3 *slots if the amount of misalignment is greater than half of a transmission time slot*
4 *size.*

1 15. *The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the first protocol is Bluetooth, and the*
2 *second protocol is a protocol selected from a group consisting of 802.11 frequency*
3 *hopping, 802.11 direct sequence, 802.11a, 802.11b, and Home RF.*

1 16. The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the apparatus is a computer having a form
2 factor selected from a group consisting of a desktop type, a notebook type and a
3 palm sized type.

1 17. In an apparatus having a first and a second wireless transceiver, a method of
2 operation comprising:

3 (a) controlling said first wireless transceiver to transmit and receive data to
4 and from first and second subsets of first network devices of a first wireless network
5 in accordance with a first protocol which is a frequency hopping protocol, and in a
6 manner that is complementary to a synchronized manner of operation of the first
7 and second subsets of said first network devices in accordance with first and second
8 frequency hopping patterns based on first and second pseudo random patterns
9 respectively; and

10 (b) controlling said second wireless transceiver to transmit and receive data
11 to and from second network devices of a second wireless network in accordance
12 with a second protocol, and in a manner that is complementary to an aligned
13 manner of operation of said second network devices to said synchronous operation
14 of the first and second subsets of said first network devices.

1 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said complementary manners of controlling
2 comprise aligning transmit and receive operations of said first and second wireless
3 transceivers to a reference signal against which said first and second subsets of
4 said first network devices synchronize operations.

1 19. The method of claim 18, wherein said alignment to said reference signal is
2 effectuated incrementally.

1 20. *The method of claim 18, wherein said alignment to said reference signal is*
2 *effectuated incrementally in a selected one of at least a first and a second manner*
3 *depending on an amount of misalignment with a transmission time slot.*

1 21. *The method of claim 20, wherein said incremental alignment comprises*
2 *decrementing a transmission time slot starting time by a predetermined amount for*
3 *m successive transmission time slots if the amount of misalignment is less than half*
4 *of a transmission time slot size.*

1 22. *The method of claim 20, wherein said incremental alignment comprises*
2 *incrementing a transmission time slot starting time by a predetermined amount for n*
3 *successive transmission time slots if the amount of misalignment is greater than half*
4 *of a transmission time slot size.*

1 23. *A collection of networked apparatuses comprising:*
2 *a first plurality of apparatuses wirelessly networked together, with each*
3 *apparatus being equipped to communicate wirelessly in accordance with a first*
4 *frequency hopping protocol comprising a plurality of frequencies successively*
5 *employed based on a pseudo random pattern;*
6 *a second plurality of apparatuses wirelessly networked together, with each*
7 *apparatus being equipped to communicate wirelessly in accordance with a second*
8 *protocol; and*
9 *a multi-protocol apparatus equipped to communicate wirelessly with said first*
10 *and second plurality of apparatuses in accordance with said first and second*
11 *protocols respectively, wherein the multi-protocol apparatus further at least*

12 *facilitates reduction of interference among said apparatuses, including at least*
13 *facilitating prospective anticipation of whether interference will occur during*
14 *transmission of a long packet by a selected one of said first network devices in*
15 *accordance with said first protocol, said transmission of a long packet spanning*
16 *multiple ones of said successive frequencies.*

1 24. *The collection of networked apparatuses of claim 23, wherein the multi-*
2 *protocol apparatus includes a network manager equipped to determine the pseudo*
3 *random frequency hopping pattern of said first network devices of said first wireless*
4 *network.*

1 25. *The collection of networked apparatuses of claim 24, wherein the network*
2 *manager is further equipped to predict when interference will occur between said*
3 *first and second network devices of said first and second wireless networks, based*
4 *on said determined pseudo random frequency hopping pattern.*

1 26. *The collection of networked apparatuses of claim 25, wherein the network*
2 *manager is further equipped to provide said first/second network devices with*
3 *collision maps.*

1 27. *The collection of networked apparatuses of claim 25, wherein the network*
2 *manager is further equipped to inform said first/second network devices of*
3 *anticipated interference.*

1 28. *An apparatus comprising:*

2 *at least one wireless transceiver to transmit and receive signals in*
3 *accordance with a first and a second protocol to and from first and second network*
4 *devices of a first and a second wireless network respectively, said first protocol*
5 *being a frequency hopping protocol comprising a plurality of frequencies*
6 *successively employed in accordance with a pseudo random pattern; and*
7 *at least one controller manager coupled to the at least one wireless*
8 *transceiver to control and coordinate performance of said transmits and receives,*
9 *including at least facilitation of proactive reduction of interference among said*
10 *apparatus and said network devices, by at least facilitating prospective anticipation*
11 *of whether interference will occur during transmission of a long packet by a selected*
12 *one of said first network devices in accordance with said first protocol, said*
13 *transmission of a long packet spanning multiple ones of said successive*
14 *frequencies.*

1 29. *The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the apparatus further includes a network*
2 *manager equipped to determine the pseudo random frequency hopping pattern of*
3 *said first network devices of said first wireless network.*

1 30. *The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the network manager includes logic to*
2 *predict when interference will occur between said first and second network devices*
3 *of said first and second wireless networks, based on said determined pseudo*
4 *random frequency hopping pattern.*

1 31. *The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the network manager is further equipped*
2 *to provide said first/second network devices with collision maps.*

1 32. The apparatus of claim 30, wherein the network manager is further equipped
2 to inform said first/second network devices of anticipated interference.

1 33. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the first protocol is Bluetooth, and the
2 second protocol is a protocol selected from a group consisting of 802.11 frequency
3 hopping, 802.11 direct sequence, 802.11a, 802.11b, and Home RF.

1 34. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the apparatus is a computer having a
2 form factor selected from a group consisting of a desktop type, a notebook type and
3 a palm sized type.

1 35. In an apparatus having at least one wireless transceiver and at least one
2 controller manager; a method of operation comprising:
3 controlling said at least one wireless transceiver to transmit and receive
4 signals in accordance with a first and a second protocol to and from first and second
5 network devices of a first and a second wireless network respectively, said first
6 protocol being a frequency hopping protocol comprising a plurality of frequencies
7 successively employed in accordance with a pseudo random pattern; and
8 at least facilitating proactive reduction of interference among said apparatus
9 and said network devices, by at least facilitating prospective anticipation of whether
10 interference will occur during transmission of a long packet by a selected one of said
11 first network devices in accordance with said first protocol, said transmission of a
12 long packet spanning multiple ones of said successive frequencies.

1 36. The method of claim 35, wherein said at least facilitating includes determining
2 the pseudo random frequency hopping pattern of said first network devices of said
3 first wireless network.

1 37. The method of claim 36, wherein said at least facilitating further includes
2 predicting when interference will occur between said first and second network
3 devices of said first and second wireless networks, based on said determined
4 pseudo random frequency hopping pattern.

1 38. The method of claim 37, wherein said at least facilitating further comprises
2 providing said first/second network devices with collision maps.

1 39. The method of claim 37, wherein said at least facilitating further comprises
2 informing said first/second network devices of anticipated interference.

1

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A collection of wirelessly networked devices including first devices wirelessly networked together using a first wireless protocol that is a frequency hopping protocol, and second devices wirelessly networked together using a second wireless protocol, are operated in a coordinated manner, including proactive reduction of interference between the networked devices. In one embodiment, the first devices include at least a first and a second subset operating with a first and a second frequency hopping pattern respectively. The proactive reduction effort includes synchronized operations of the first and second subsets of the first devices, and the second devices operate in a manner complementary to the synchronized operations of the first devices. In one embodiment, the collection of wirelessly networked devices includes at least one wireless device that operates in both wireless networks in accordance with both wireless protocols. The multi-protocol device is equipped to at least facilitate prospective anticipation of whether transmission of a long packet that spans multiple ones of successive frequencies by a device of the first wireless network will cause interference with devices of the second wireless network.

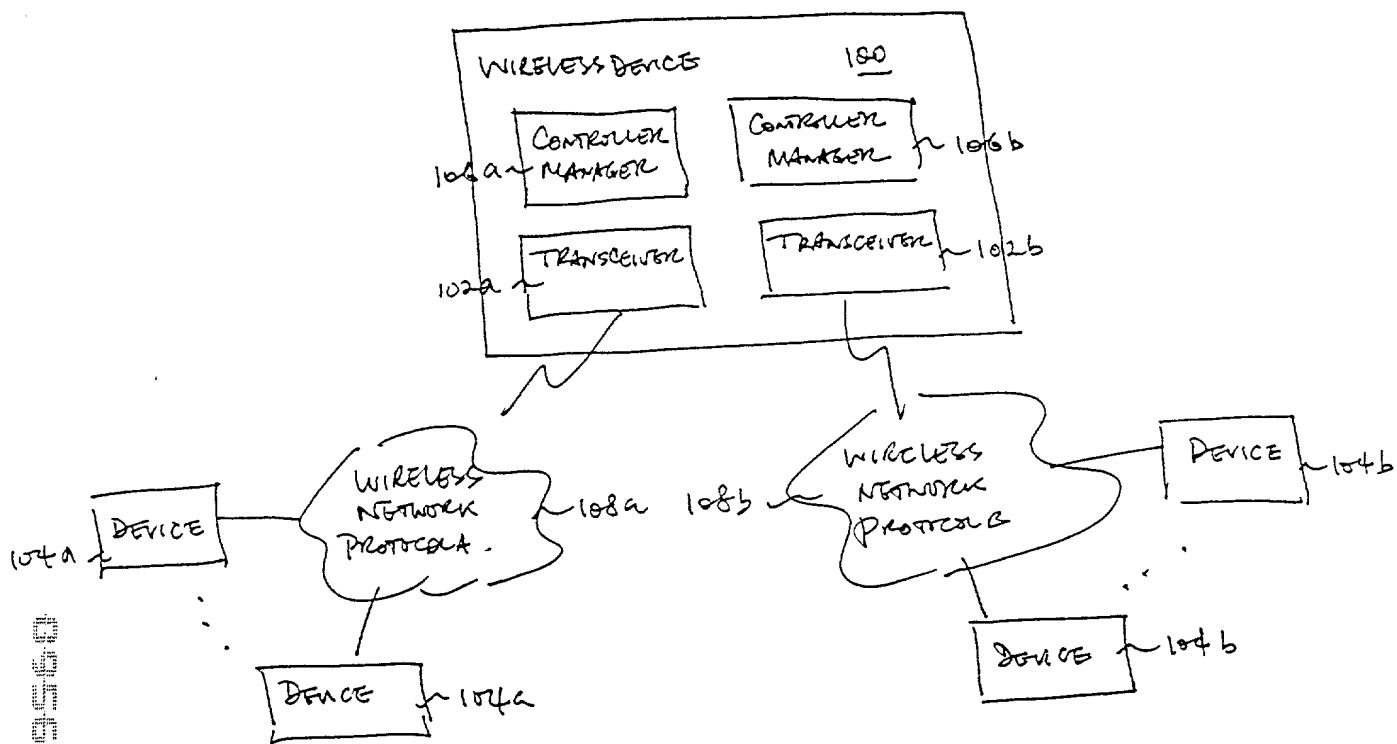


FIG. 1

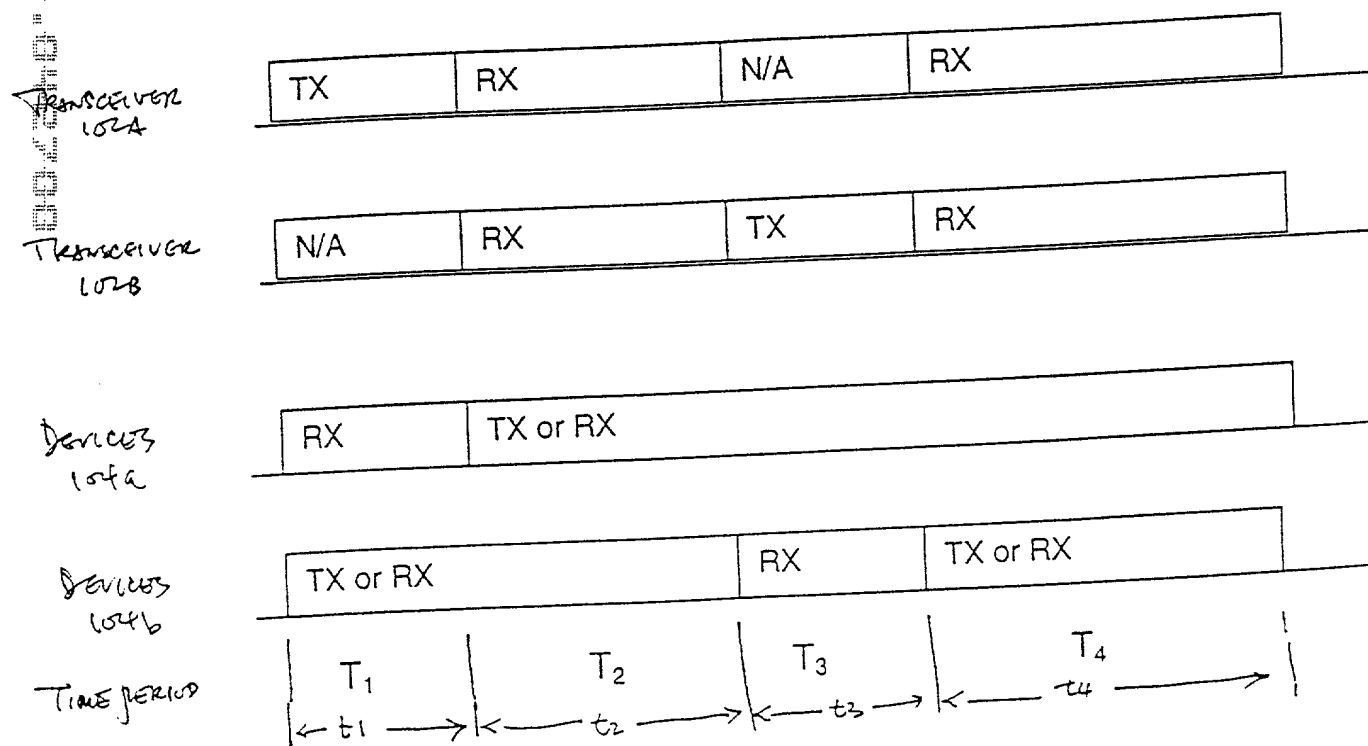


FIG. 2

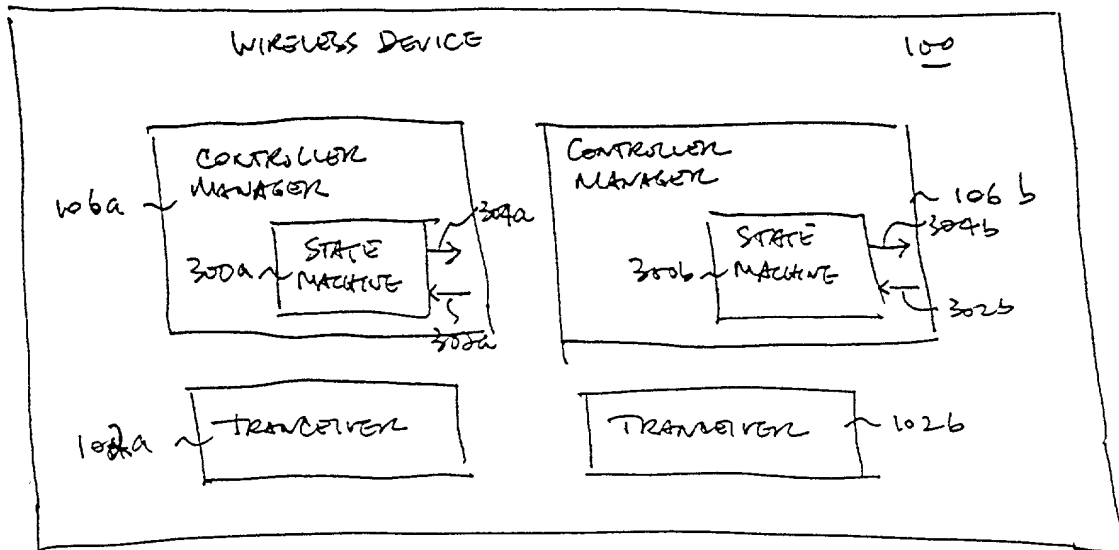


FIG. 3

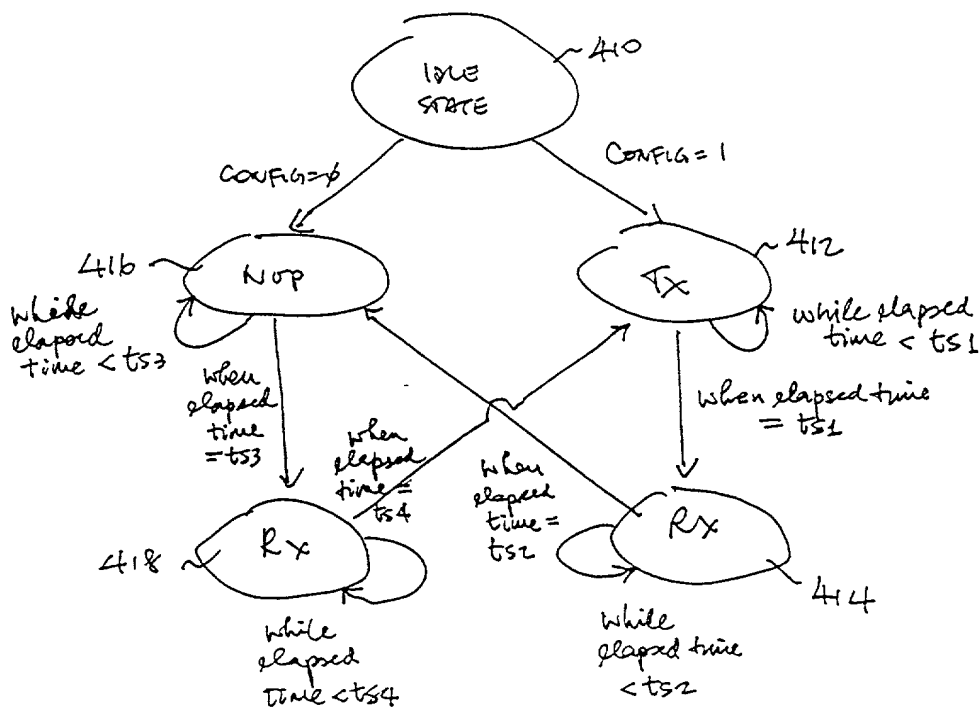


FIG. 4

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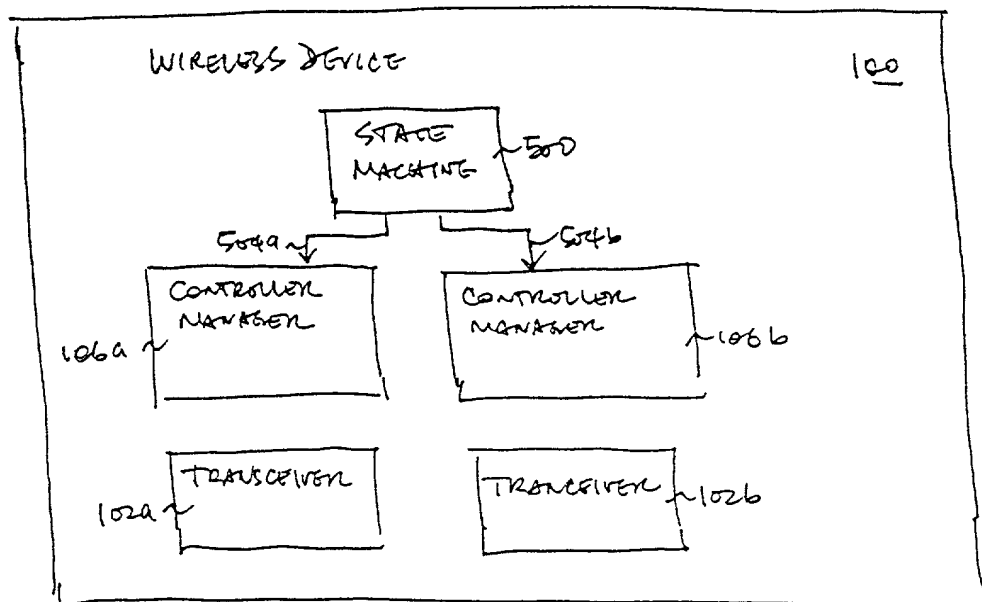


FIG. 5

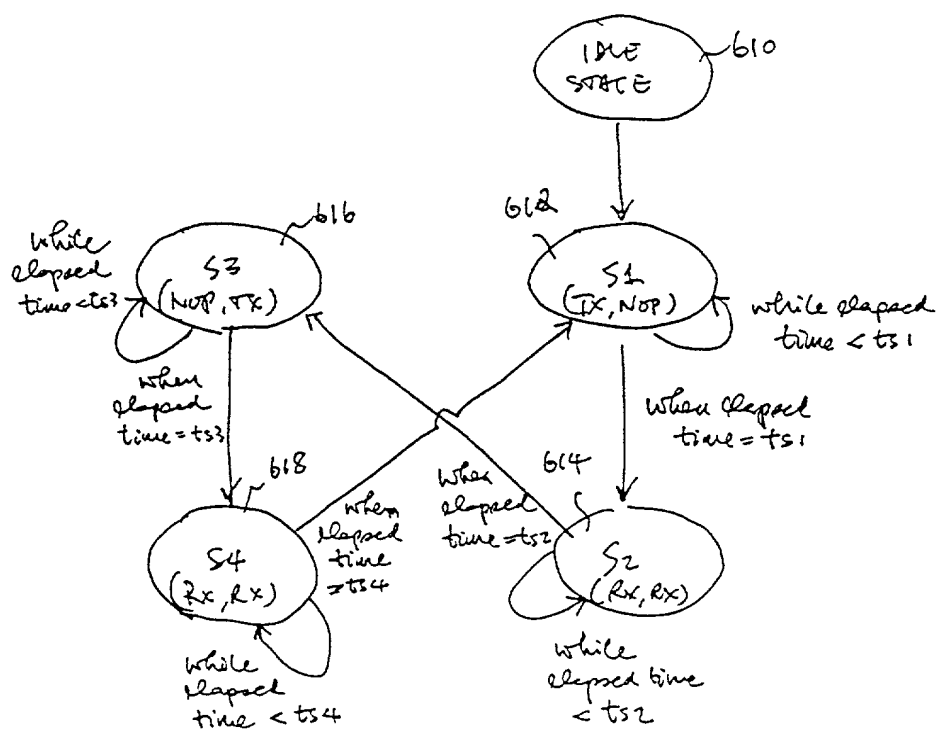


FIG. 6

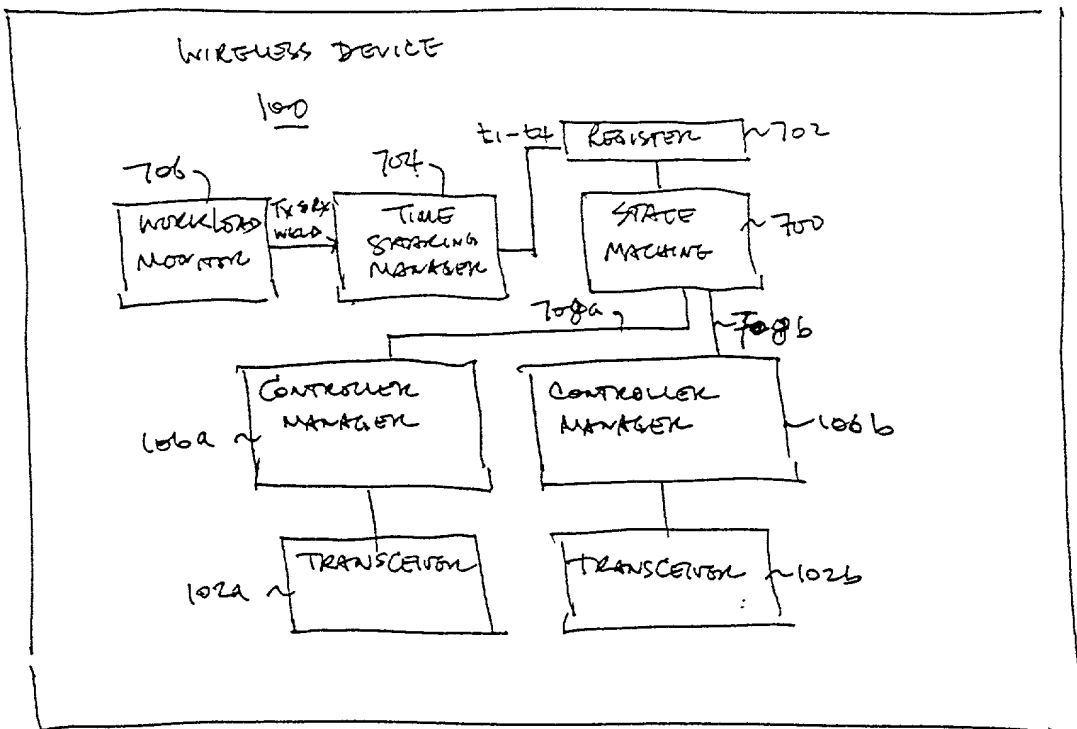


FIG. 7

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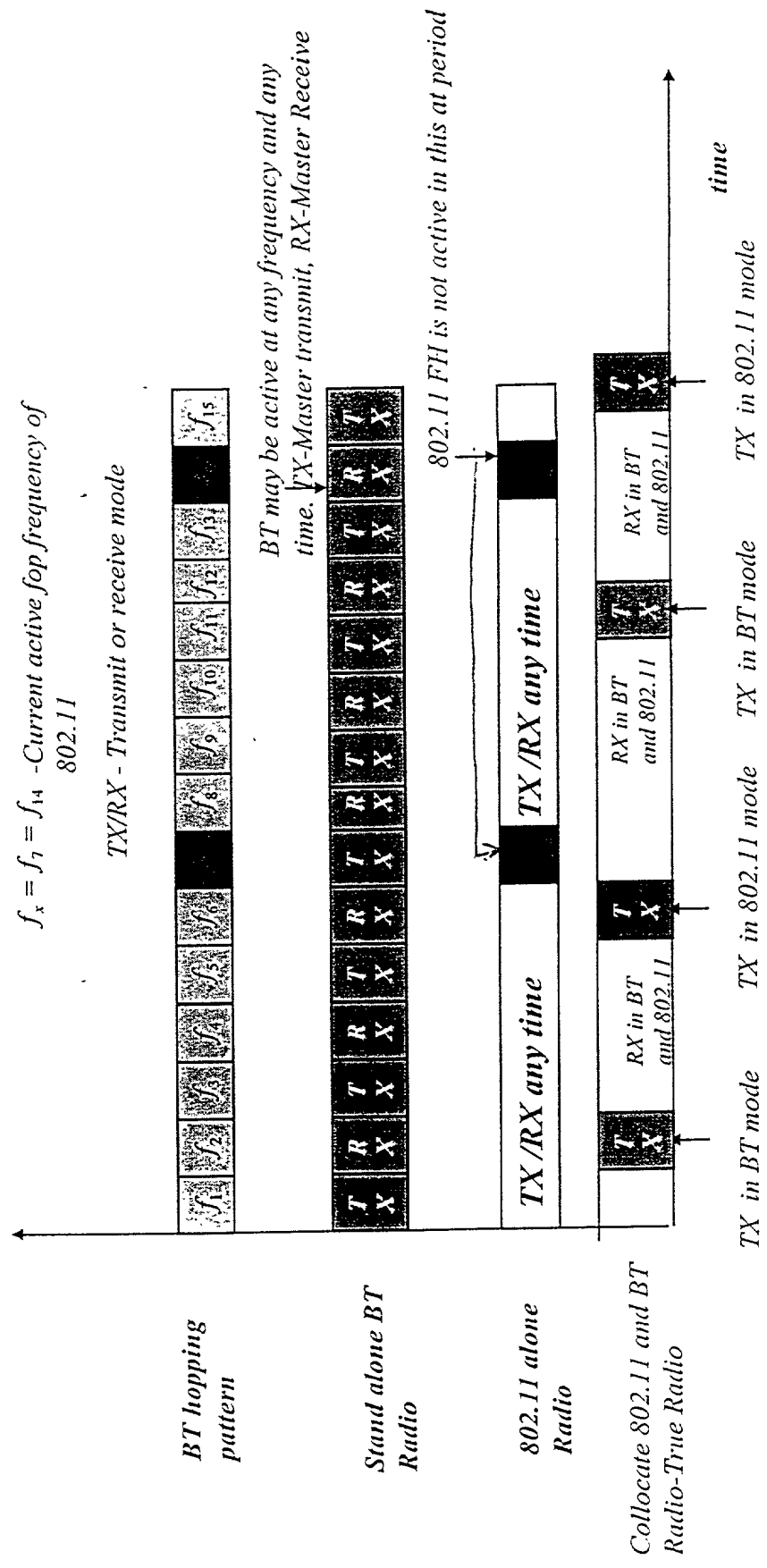


Fig. 8a

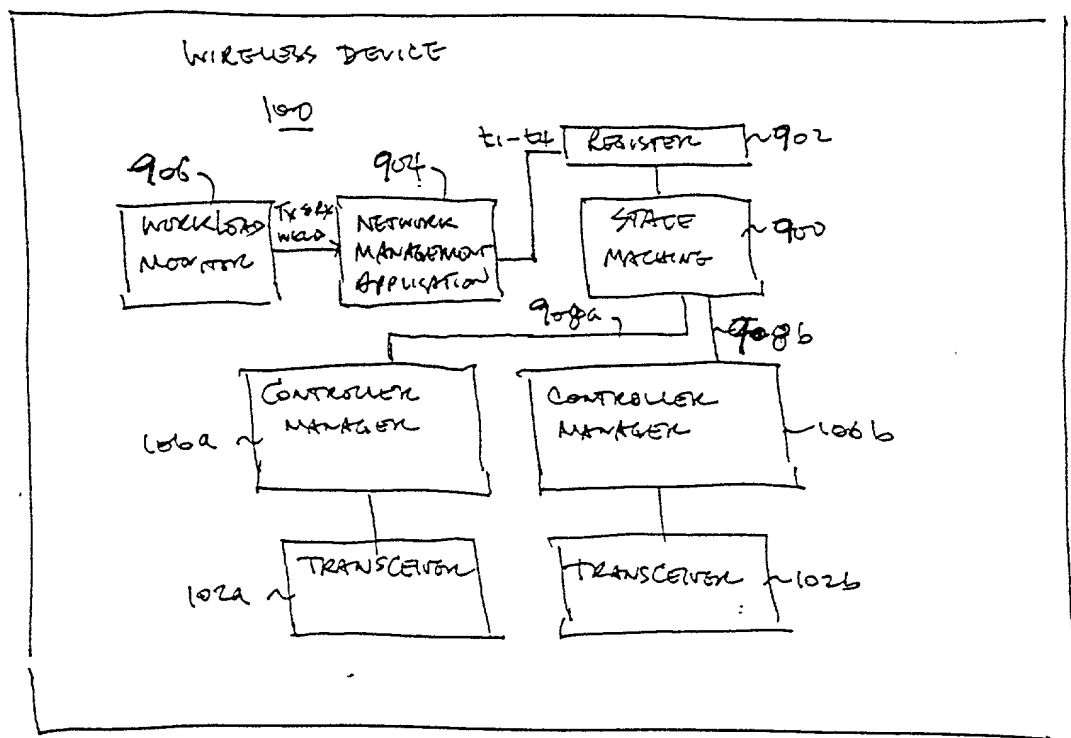


FIG. 9a

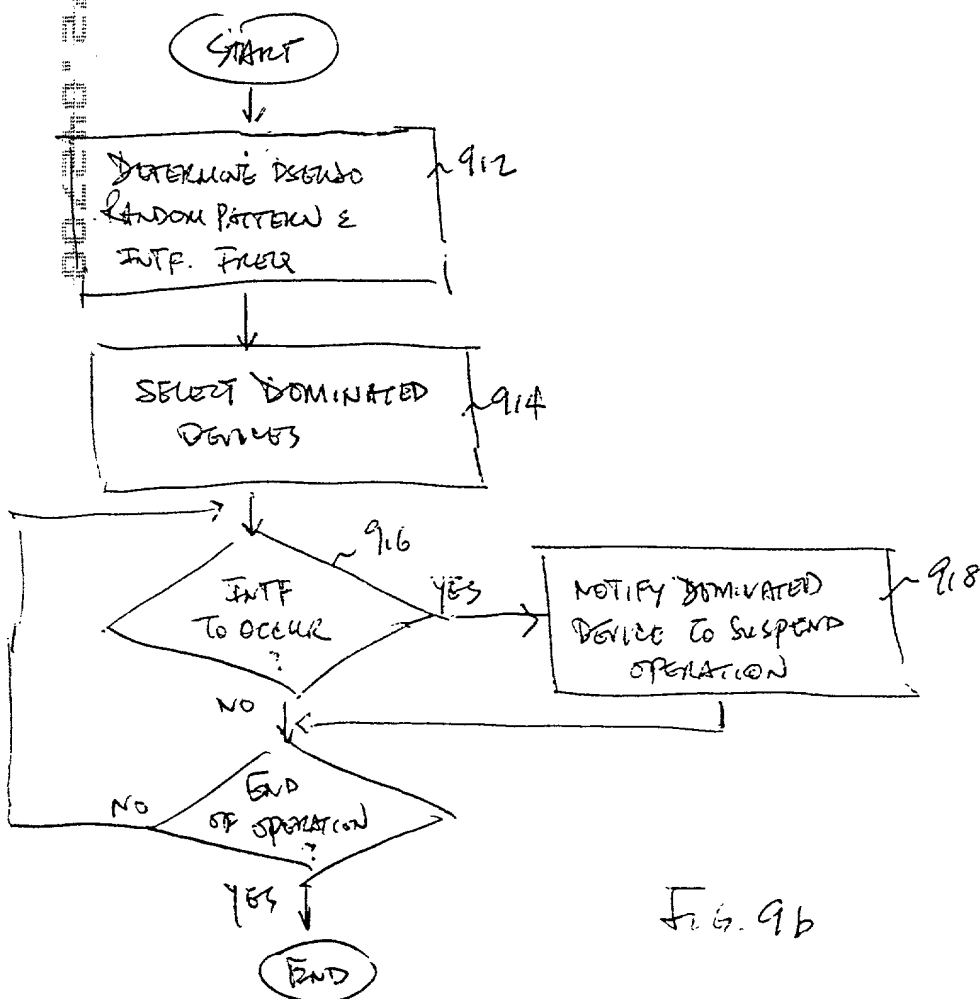


FIG. 9b

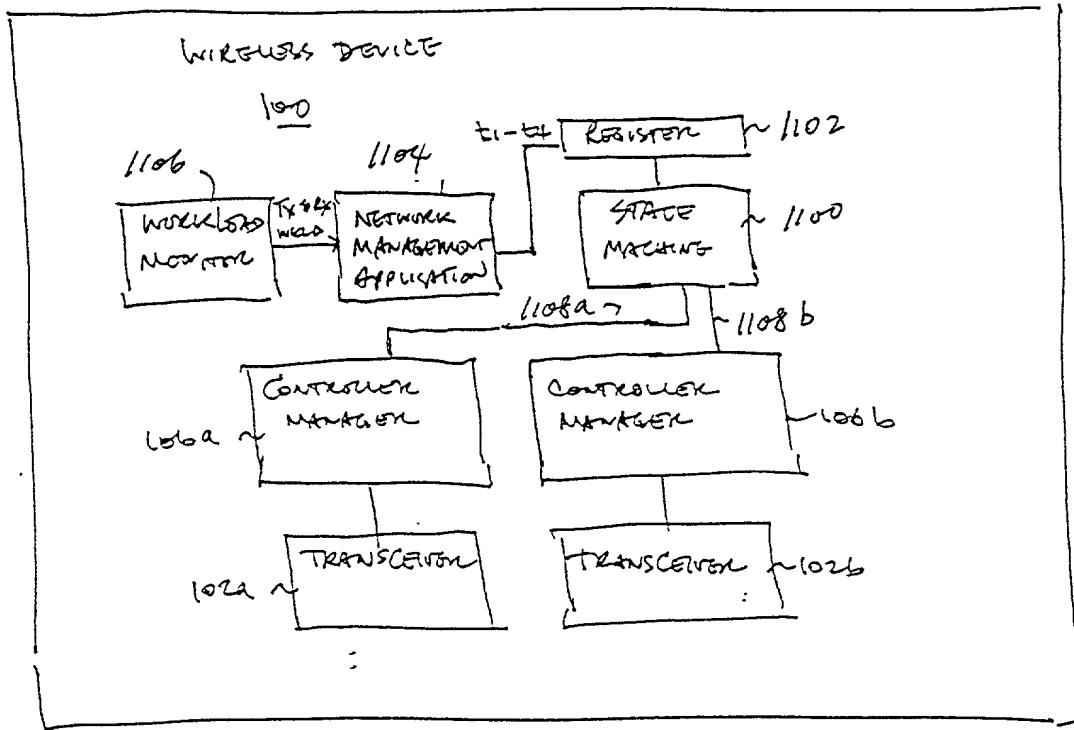


FIG. 11a

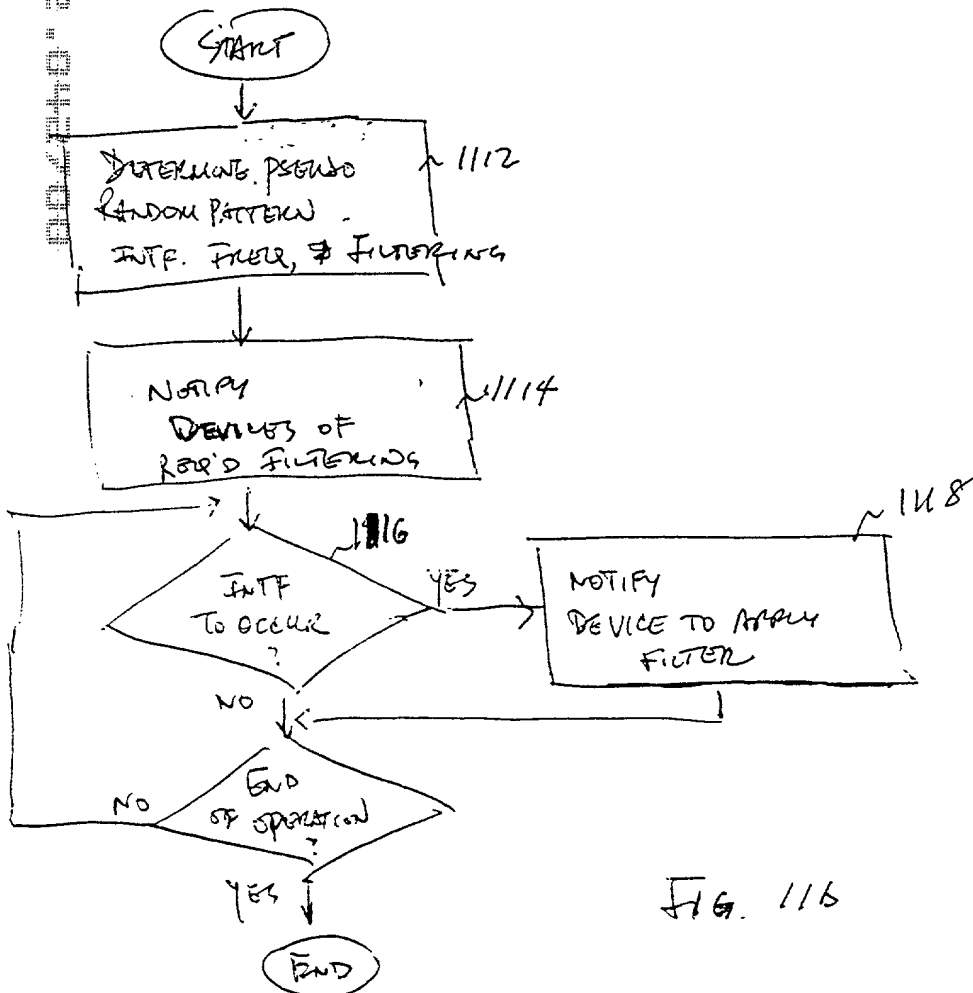
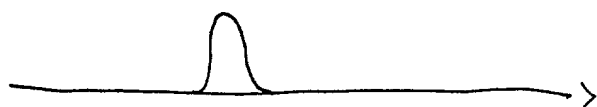


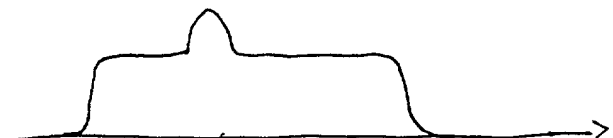
FIG. 11b



PROTOCOL 1



PROTOCOL 2



COMBINED
SIGNAL



FILTER FOR
PROTOCOL 1



FILTER FOR
PROTOCOL 2

Fig. 12

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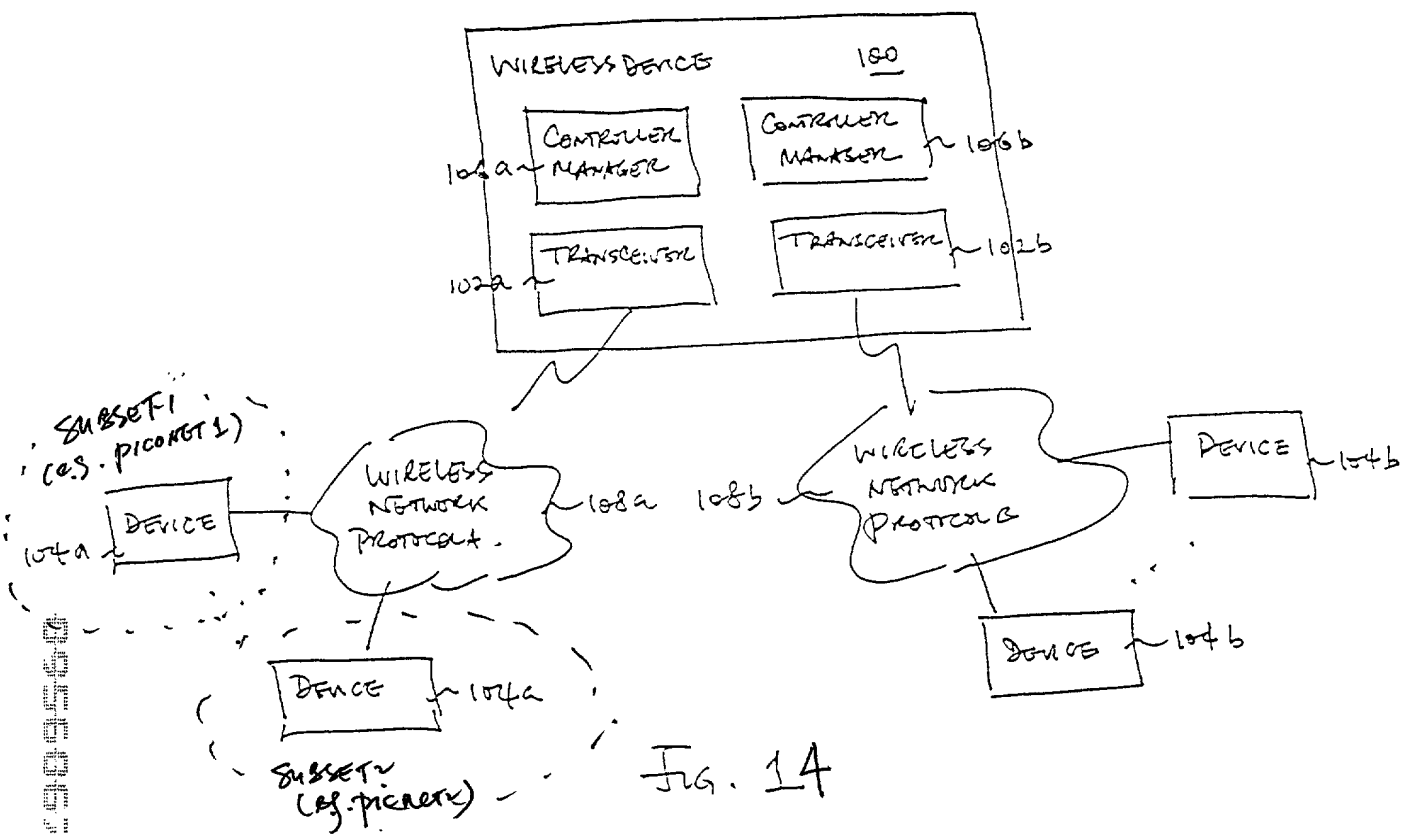


FIG. 14

Synchronized Networks

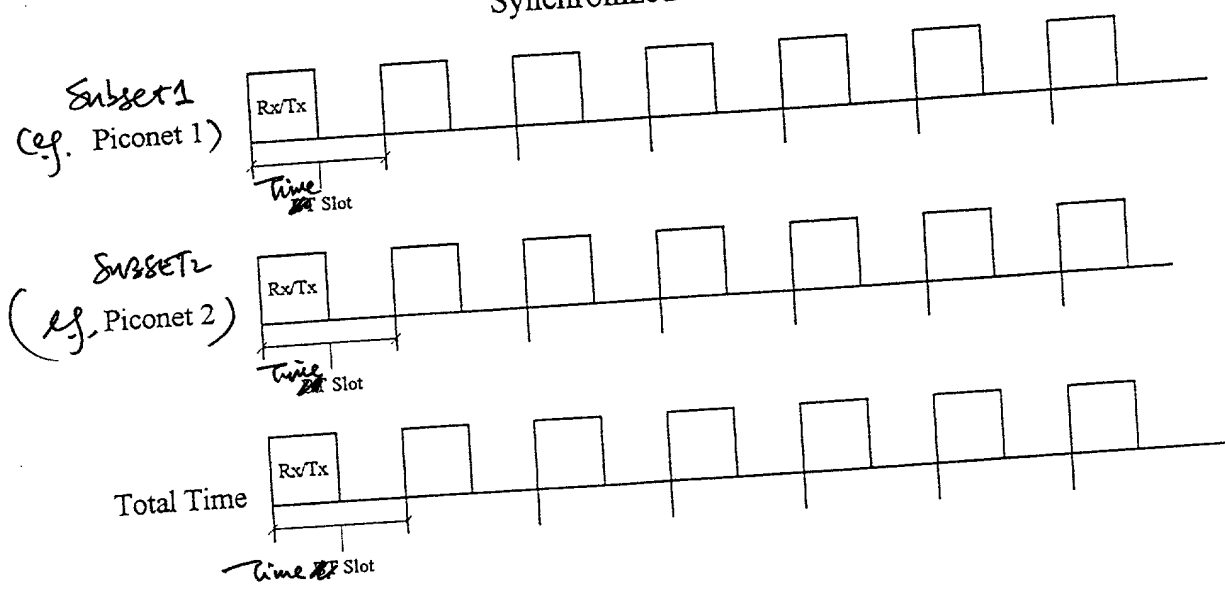


FIG. 15

Attorney's Docket No.: 04198.P010X

PATENT

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below, next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first, and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first, and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

Multiple Wireless Communication Protocol Methods And Apparatuses Including Proactive Reduction Of Interference

the specification of which

X Is attached hereto,
was filed on _____ as
United States Application Number _____
or PCT International Application Number _____
and was amended on _____
(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claim(s), as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Prior Foreign Application(s)</u>			<u>Priority Claimed</u>	
<u>(Number)</u>	<u>(Country)</u>	<u>(Day/Month/Year Filed)</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
<u>(Number)</u>	<u>(Country)</u>	<u>(Day/Month/Year Filed)</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
<u>(Number)</u>	<u>(Country)</u>	<u>(Day/Month/Year Filed)</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>

I hereby claim the benefit under title 35, United States Code, Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below

(Application Number)	Filing Date
(Application Number)	Filing Date

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph

of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information

known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<u>09/439,946</u> (Application Number)	<u>11/12/2000</u> Filing Date	<u>pending</u> (Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)
<u>09/408,725</u> (Application Number)	<u>9/28/99</u> Filing Date	<u>pending</u> (Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)
<u>09/438,458</u> (Application Number)	<u>11/8/99</u> Filing Date	<u>pending</u> (Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint Farzad E. Amini, Reg. No. P42,261; Aloysius T. C. AuYeung, Reg. No. 35,432; Amy M. Armstrong, Reg. No. 42,265; William Thomas Babbitt, Reg. No. 39,591; Carol F. Barry, Reg. No. 41,600; Jordan Michael Becker, Reg. No. 39,602; Bradley J. Berezna, Reg. No. 33,474; Michael A. Bernadecou, Reg. No. 35,934; Roger W. Blakely, Jr., Reg. No. 25,831; Gregory D. Caldwell, Reg. No. 39,926; Kent M. Chen, Reg. No. 39,830; Lawrence M. Cho, Reg. No. 39,942; Yong S. Choi, Reg. No. P43,324; Thomas M. Coester, Reg. No. 39,637; Roland B. Cortes, Reg. No. 39,152; Barbara Bokanov Courtney, Reg. No. 42,442; Michael Anthony DeSanctis, Reg. No. 39,957; Daniel M. De Vos, Reg. No. 37,813; Robert Andrew Diehl, Reg. No. 40,992; Terek N. Fahmi, Reg. No. 41,402; James Y. Go, Reg. No. 40,821; Richard Leon Gregory, Jr., Reg. No. 42,607; Dinu Gruia, Reg. No. P42,986; David R. Halvorsen, Reg. No. 33,395; Thomas A. Hassing, Reg. No. 38,159; Phuong-Quan Hoang, Reg. No. 41,839; Willmore F. Holbrow III, Reg. No. P41,845; George W. Hoover II, Reg. No. 32,992; Eric S. Hyman, Reg. No. 30,139; Dag H. Johansen, Reg. No. 36,172; William W. Kidd, Reg. No. 31,772; Michael J. Mallie, Reg. No. 36,591; Andre L. Marals, under 37 C.F.R. § 10.9(b); Paul A. Mendonsa, Reg. No. 42,879; Darren J. Milliken, Reg. No. 42,004; Chun M. Ng, Reg. No. 36,878; Thinh V. Nguyen, Reg. No. 42,034; Kimberley G. Nobles, Reg. No. 38,255; Michael A. Prokash, Reg. No. 43,021; Babak Redjalian, Reg. No. 42,096; James H. Salter, Reg. No. 35,668; William W. Schaal, Reg. No. 39,018; James C. Scheller, Reg. No. 31,195; Anand Sethuraman, Reg. No. P43,351; Charles E. Shemwell, Reg. No. 40,171; Maria McCormack Sobrino, Reg. No. 31,639; Stanley W. Sokoloff, Reg. No. 25,128; Judith A. Szepesi, Reg. No. 39,393; Vincent P. Tassinari, Reg. No. 42,179; Edwin H. Taylor, Reg. No. 25,129; George G. C. Tseng, Reg. No. 41,355; Lester J. Vincent, Reg. No. 31,460; John Patrick Ward, Reg. No. 40,216; Stephen Warhola, Reg. No. 43,237; Charles T. J. Weigell, Reg. No. 43,398; Steven D. Yates, Reg. No. 42,242; Ben J. Yorks, Reg. No. 33,609; and Norman Zafman, Reg. No. 26,250; my attorneys, and James A. Henry, Reg. No. 41,064; Daniel E. Ovanezian, Reg. No. 41,236; Glenn E. Von Tersch, Reg. No. 41,364; and Chad R. Walsh, Reg. No. 43,235; my patent agents, of BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP, with offices located at 12400 Wilshire Boulevard, 7th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90025, telephone (310) 207-3800, and James R. Thein, Reg. No. 31,710, my patent attorney; with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith.

Send correspondence to Aloysius T.C. AuYeung, BLAKELY, SOKOLOFF, TAYLOR &
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ZAFMAN LLP, 12400 Wilshire Boulevard 7th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90025 and direct
telephone calls to Aloysius T.C. AuYeung, (503) 684-6200.
(Name of Attorney or Agent)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56
Duty to Disclose Information Material to Patentability.

(a) A patent by its very nature is affected with a public interest. The public interest is best served, and the most effective patent examination occurs when, at the time an application is being examined, the Office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of all information material to patentability. Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section. The duty to disclosure information exists with respect to each pending claim until the claim is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration, or the application becomes abandoned. Information material to the patentability of a claim that is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration need not be submitted if the information is not material to the patentability of any claim remaining under consideration in the application. There is no duty to submit information which is not material to the patentability of any existing claim. The duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability is deemed to be satisfied if all information known to be material to patentability of any claim issued in a patent was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in the manner prescribed by §§1.97(b)-(d) and 1.98. However, no patent will be granted on an application in connection with which fraud on the Office was practiced or attempted or the duty of disclosure was violated through bad faith or intentional misconduct. The Office encourages applicants to carefully examine:

(1) Prior art cited in search reports of a foreign patent office in a counterpart application, and

(2) The closest information over which individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application believe any pending claim patentably defines, to make sure that any material information contained therein is disclosed to the Office.

(b) Under this section, information is material to patentability when it is not cumulative to information already of record or being made of record in the application, and

(1) It establishes, by itself or in combination with other information, a prima facie case of unpatentability of a claim; or

(2) It refutes, or is inconsistent with, a position the applicant takes in:

(i) Opposing an argument of unpatentability relied on by the Office, or

(ii) Asserting an argument of patentability.

A prima facie case of unpatentability is established when the information compels a conclusion that a claim is unpatentable under the preponderance of evidence, burden-of-proof standard, giving each term in the claim its broadest reasonable construction consistent with the specification, and before any consideration is given to evidence which may be submitted in an attempt to establish a contrary conclusion of patentability.

(c) Individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application within the meaning of this section are:

(1) Each inventor named in the application;

(2) Each attorney or agent who prepares or prosecutes the application; and

(3) Every other person who is substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application and who is associated with the inventor, with the assignee or with anyone to whom there is an obligation to assign the application.

(d) Individuals other than the attorney, agent or inventor may comply with this section by disclosing information to the attorney, agent, or inventor.